

"If It Happens In New York  
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The

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# HURRY FINAL PEACE TERMS, GERMANY'S PLEA TO WILSON

## VIOLIN CASE BOMB PERILS SCORES IN NEWSPAPER PLANT

Defective Fuse Fails to Explode  
Big Charge of Dynamite  
and Nitroglycerin.

### AUSTRIAN ROUT CAUSE.

Italian Editors Warned Not to  
"Crow" Over Victory—  
Inspector Eagan Hurt.

A violin case held an improvised bomb made of six pounds of dynamite and a tube of nitro-glycerin packed in three galvanized iron pipes which was placed to-day in the hallway of the building at No. 43 Elm Street, occupied by Il Progresso, an Italian newspaper. The bomb failed to blow up that structure and possibly killed all of its eighty occupants when the eighteen-inch fuse spluttered out.

Inspector Owen Eagan of the Bureau of Combustibles, who opened the violin case and discovered its contents, was burned on the left side when he took the cork out of the tube containing the nitro-glycerin, which was exploded by the atmospheric pressure. He said the nitro-glycerin and the dynamite were enough to have blown up the entire building and killed all its occupants.

The publishers of Il Progresso have been receiving threatening letters, they said, since the fortunes of Austria have been going from bad to worse. One letter warned them not to boast editorially over the Italian victory, declaring it to be a "capitalistic victory." Yesterday a card written in red ink and bearing the word "Farewell" was received.

The bomb was found at 11 A. M. to-day by a woman on the second floor of the building. Policeman Edward Foley, who was called, summoned Inspector Eagan, who as soon as he saw the violin case and its unusual lock arrangement declared it dangerous.

The inspector opened the box gingerly and found the dynamite, the nitro-glycerin and the iron pipes, to which was attached the blackened end of eighteen inches of fuse.

Eagan took the tube of nitro-glycerin into the street and, holding it to one side, extracted the cork from it. There was an explosion, and he found his coat and shirt partially torn from his body, the left side of which was seared with burns.

The bomb, which in its entirety weighed fifty pounds, was taken to the magazine of the Fire Department and the police began a search for clues, as to its origin.

**3,764,677 IN U. S. ARMY  
WHEN WORLD WAR ENDED;  
2,200,000 ARE ABROAD**

America Had Greatest Army in All  
Her History When Germany  
Was Beaten.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The army had reached a strength of 3,764,677 men when hostilities ceased to-day, according to official figures at the War Department. Of that number 2,200,000 had been sent to France, Italy or Russia.

The remainder were under arms in camps in this country.

## DISMISSAL OF INDICTMENTS AGAINST MRS. STORY AND TWO SONS RECOMMENDED



Mrs. WILLIAM CUMMINGS STORY.  
Swann's Assistant, in Making Request, Says Relief Solicitor,  
Principal Witness, Has Died.

Dismissal of four indictments against Mrs. William Cummings Story and one indictment each against her sons, Sterling Story, and Allen Story, were recommended by Assistant District Attorney Kilroe to-day before Judge Crain of General Sessions. The Court took the matter under advisement.

The indictments were returned last June and were predicated upon the activities of Mrs. Story and her sons in the National Emergency Relief Society. They followed District Attorney Swann's investigation into alleged war charities.

Mr. Kilroe told the court that William Garland Brown, formerly employed to solicit contributions for the society, died Sept. 2, and that inasmuch as Brown was the principal witness for the prosecution he did not believe, without Brown's testimony, that successful prosecution could be attempted against either of the defendants.

## \$600,000,000 ASKED FOR NEW WARSHIPS

Daniels Presents Programme for  
10 Battleships, 6 Battle Cruisers  
and 140 Smaller Craft.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Indicating determination to go ahead with the great naval programme outlined by Secretary Daniels, the Navy Department to-day sent to Congress a request for \$600,000,000 to be utilized in building ten battleships, six battle cruisers and 140 smaller vessels, types of which are to be determined later.

The programme was sent in completed form to Chairman Padgett of the House naval committee to-day. Daniels in explaining his reasons for going ahead with the programme stated that a league of nations would undoubtedly require of the United States a very large contribution of war vessels for international patrol work.

## NEW "VICTORY COLORS."

Standardized Trade Marks for Goods  
in Red, White and Blue.

"Victory colors" for goods in red, white and blue produced by the country's industries engaged in manufacturing and selling woolens, silks, millinery and the like, were announced today by the Textile Color Card Association, comprising woolen mills and retailers in these lines of goods. The standardized trade colors are: red, for the red and navy "navy 2" for the blue, and those with white will be the recognized "victory colors" in the making of goods.

## KAISER REPORTED INTERNED; LOCATED IN DUTCH CHATEAU

### EMPEROR CHARLES HAS LEFT THRONE, COPENHAGEN HEARS

General Strike Called in Vienna  
—Fighting Breaks Out  
in Hungary.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A Central News despatch from Vienna, received to-day by way of Copenhagen, declared that Emperor Karl's abdication was proclaimed Monday.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 12.—Despatches to-day from a private source in Vienna declared Emperor Charles had abdicated.

[Reports have been current frequently of late that the Emperor had announced his intention of giving up the Austrian throne, the Hungarian monarchy having been taken from him by the formation of a Hungarian republic. Only yesterday, according to Copenhagen despatches, the Berliner Tageblatt, a well-informed paper, reported that Emperor Charles and his wife, Empress Zita, had fled to Wartegg Castle, in Switzerland.]

Austrian Foreign Minister Adler is dead, a Vienna despatch announced to-day.

Violent street fighting has occurred in Dombóvár, Hungary, between miners and soldiers of the old regime. The miners, with the aid of weapons smuggled from Russia, are reported to have defeated the soldiers.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—It is reported that a general strike will be declared in Vienna to-morrow.

### PREPARE FOR ARMY RETURN.

Hoboken Grants Government Permission to Lay Railroad Tracks.

When the American soldiers come home from France they may board trains at the Hoboken piers and leave for their homes without delay.

To make this possible the City Commission of Hoboken to-day passed an ordinance granting the Government permission to lay railroad tracks from Eighth and Jackson Avenues north-easterly to the river front to connect with the Hoboken Shore Railroad which is said to be the only railroad in the country owned by the United States.

This road serves the army transport piers and was bought by the Government about a year ago. The new tracks will connect with the Erie and Susquehanna Railroads.

### VICTORY HOLIDAY URGED.

Brooklyn Board of Trade Secretary Asks Observance of Nov. 11.

Charles E. Reid, Secretary of the Brooklyn Board of Trade, sent a telegram to-day to Congressman Anthony J. Griffin in requesting him to introduce a bill in Congress to make Nov. 11 a national holiday. The telegram urges the Congressman to have that day proclaimed annually as "Victory Day" throughout the United States.

The telegram was signed by Eugene H. Rosenbaum, President of the Brooklyn Board of Trade.

## FORMER GERMAN WAR LORD SHOWED HIS BROKEN SPIRIT ON ARRIVAL IN HOLLAND

Greeted by Belgian Refugees With  
Cries of "Assassin"—Empress Remains at Potsdam, Ill, but May Join Former Emperor.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, arrived Sunday at Count Bentinck's chateau of Middachten at Velp, near Arnhem, according to a despatch to the Daily Express, dated Sunday at Velp.

The former Emperor was accompanied by two equeiries. All three were in civilian attire.

The despatch says the former German Empress is ill at Potsdam, near Berlin, and that the former Crown Princess is at her bedside.

The despatch from Velp says that an automobile containing two members of the German Court arrived first and notified Count Bentinck of the approach of the former Emperor. The second car brought baggage, while the third, with its blinds drawn, arrived in the evening. From it the former Emperor and the two equeiries alighted.

No one in the village of Velp, which adjoins the chateau, was aware of the Emperor's arrival. The former German ruler occupies the left wing of the chateau. The despatch adds that his wife probably will be permitted to join him there.

[Velp is east of Arnhem and about 50 miles southeast of Amsterdam. It is 80 miles northeast of Eysden, where the former Emperor crossed the frontier Sunday morning. Velp is about 10 miles north of the Dutch-German border, north of the German town of Wesel.]

A Hague despatch to the Daily Mail says the former Emperor has already been interned by the Dutch Government.

AMSTERDAM, Monday, Nov. 11.—The former German Emperor made an inglorious entry into Holland, according to reports from Eysden. At 7.30 o'clock Sunday morning ten travel-stained automobiles driven by Prussian officers were seen coming slowly through the fog along the Vise-Maastricht highroad. The last Belgian village, Moulain, which is almost on the border line, was still asleep. The noise of the motors brought out a crowd of curious villagers.

The former ruler of Germany was dressed in the uniform of a General, with an officer's cap, and carried a sword. The erstwhile martial figure was huddled and bent on a walking stick, while his eyes stared straight ahead.

The Dutch frontier guards stopped the cortege. After some brief formalities the automobiles were conducted to the railway station at Eysden. Dutch cavalry and military cyclists formed a cordon about the station.

Crowds of Belgian refugees swarmed around the station, crying: "A bas Guillaume, Assassin!" An imperial train arrived at the station an hour later. It consisted of fourteen cars and William Hohenzollern, who had walked up and down the railway platform, entered the train and changed to civilian clothes.

Arrangements for the reception of the Germans were made by Gen. van Heuts, aide-de-camp to Queen Wilhelmina, who went to German headquarters last week.

LONDON, Nov. 12 (United Press).—

(Continued on Second Page.)

## CROWN PRINCE RUMORED SHOT BY HIS SOLDIERS

Unconfirmed Messages to  
Paris Tell of Seizure at  
the Dutch Frontier.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—Unconfirmed despatches from Germany, received by way of Amsterdam to-day, announced that German soldiers arrested the former Crown Prince as he attempted to cross the frontier and shot him.

## CROWN PRINCE CRIED "LIKE A BABY" WHEN HE RENOUNCED THRONE

Kaiser Was Only "Deeply Moved" as He Signed His Formal Letter of Abdication.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Emperor William's last words before affixing his signature to the abdication document were: "Let us not lose our faith in the future," according to an official telegram from Amsterdam, in which the scene of abdication was discussed. It says:

"The Kaiser signed his letter of abdication in the presence of the Crown Prince and Hindenburg, and of all the officers of the General Headquarters and of all his private servants. He appeared to be deeply moved. He signed, saying: 'May it be for the good of Germany. Let us not lose our faith in the future.'"

"The Crown Prince, who was crying like a baby, signed his letter of renunciation of the throne shortly afterward."

"The Crown Prince left immediately for his General Headquarters to take leave of his officers and to resign his command."

Prince Henry of Prussia is reported to have fled with his wife to Denmark. He is supposed to have taken several million francs, part of his private fortune.

## CHAMP CLARK LEADER IN PLACE OF KITCHIN

Present Democratic Chief to Yield to Retiring Speaker of the House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Democratic Leader Champ Clark announced to-day that Champ Clark would be the Democratic leader in the next Congress.

Mr. Kitchin said he did not intend to retire from the membership of the Ways and Means Committee, of which he would be ranking Democratic member, but that it always was customary for the speaker to become the leader of the minority on a change of control of the House.

## REVOLT IN MONTENEGRO.

Factions Fight for Control Pending Return of Government.

PARIS, Friday, Nov. 8.—A general insurrection has broken out in Montenegro, the Temps says.

## GERMANY FEARS FAMINE; PLEADS FOR PEACE BEFORE THE 30-DAY TRUCE EXPIRES

Makes Direct Appeal to Wilson to  
Arrange for Starting Final Negotiations at Once—Solf's Plea Placed Before Cabinet by President

LONDON, Nov. 12 (Associated Press).—Germany has requested the President of the United States, according to a German wireless message from Berlin, to arrange immediately for the opening of peace negotiations, there being a pressing danger of famine.

[By Section 4 of the Armistice signed by Foch and representatives of Germany the truce is limited to 30 days and negotiations for terms of final peace need not be opened before the expiration of that limit. But in view of the plea sent by Dr. Solf to President Wilson and the above more urgent petition, it is evident that the food situation in Germany is more desperate even than has been supposed.]

The message was sent by Foreign Secretary Solf to Secretary of State Lansing. It said:

"The armistice being concluded the German Government requests the President of the United States to arrange for the opening of peace negotiations."

"For the purpose of their acceleration the German Government proposes first of all to take in view the conclusion of a preliminary peace and asks for a communication as to what place and at what time the negotiations might begin."

"As there is a pressing danger of famine, the German Government is particularly anxious for the negotiations to begin immediately."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Before the usual Cabinet meeting to-day, Secretary Lansing conferred with the President and it is understood the German appeal was discussed by the President with the Cabinet.

## BASE AT HELGOLAND SEIZED BY GERMAN REVOLUTIONARIES; URGE WAR AGAINST ALLIES

Orders Sent Merchant Ships to Run to the  
Nearest Port—Hindenburg Is Still  
With the Army.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 12.—The entire German northern fleet and the island base of Heligoland are in the hands of Soldiers' Councils, according to a telegram from Bremen.

German troops at the Beverloo Camp in Belgium have mutinied and are marching with their guns toward Holland.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg is not in Holland, according to a telegram from the Wolff Bureau of Berlin. He remains at main headquarters and adheres to the new Government. The telegram adds that Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, commander of the German Northern Army group, has not fled, as some reports have declared.

LONDON, Nov. 12 (Associated Press).—The Admiralty has intercepted a German wireless addressed from "The Command and Sol-